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**2023-03-08** 2015 chevy blazer haynes manual

Douglas Haig 2005 posterity has not been kind to douglas haig the commander of the british expeditionary force on the western front for much of the first world war haig has frequently been presented as a commander who sent his troops to slaughter in vast numbers at the somme in 1916 and at passchendaele the following year the good soldier re examines haig s record in these battles and presents his predicament with a fresh eye more importantly it re evaluates haig himself exploring the nature of the man turning to both his early life and army career before 1914 as well as his unstinting work on behalf of ex servicemen s organizations after 1918 finally in this definitive biography the man emerges from the myth

The education of an army 1965 the staff college at camberley is an international focus for new thinking in the likely development of military operations and the science of war back to first principles is the response of serving officers to this pattern of change

The Good Soldier 2014-09-04 this is without doubt the finest book about the crucial role that artillery played in the two world wars of the twentieth century the authors both former artillery officers who saw action in word war two describe the development of their neglected inadequate and class ridden arm through the battles of the first world war and the eventual war winning role that artillery played to the culmination of professional military deployment in the second world war

The Science of War 1993-08-05 this book puts military doctrine into a wider perspective drawing on military history philosophy and political science military doctrines are institutional beliefs about what works in war given the trauma of 9 11 and the ensuing war on terror serious divergences over what the message of the new military doctrine ought to be were expected around the world however such questions are often drowned in ferocious meta doctrinal disagreements what is a doctrine after all this book provides a theoretical understanding of such questions divided into three parts the author investigates the historical roots of military doctrine and explores its growth and expansion until the present day and goes on to analyse the main characteristics of a military doctrine using a multidisciplinary approach the book concludes that doctrine can be utilized in three key ways as a tool of command as a tool of change and as a tool of education this book will be of much interest to students of military studies civil military relations strategic studies and war studies as well as to students in professional military education

Fire Power 2004-10-01 an in depth look at the contributions of the british cavalry during world war i of what use was the british cavalry during the years of trench warfare on the western front on a static battlefield dominated by the weapons of the industrial age by the machine gun and massed artillery the cavalry was seen as an anachronism it was vulnerable to modern armaments of little value in combat and a waste of scarce resources at least that is the common viewpoint indeed the cavalry have been consistently underestimated since the first histories of the great war were written but in light of modern research is this the right verdict david kenyon seeks to answer this question in his thought provoking new study his conclusions challenge conventional wisdom on the subject they should prompt a radical reevaluation of the role of the horseman on the battlefields of france and flanders a century ago using evidence gained from research into wartime records and the eyewitness accounts of the men who were there who saw the cavalry in action kenyon reassesses the cavalry s contribution and performance he offers insight into cavalry tactics and the spirit of the cavalrymen of the time he also examines how the cavalry combined with the other arms of the british army in particular the tanks his well balanced and original study is essential reading for students of the western front and for anyone who is interested in the long history of cavalry combat

Understanding Military Doctrine 2013-07-18 the battle of fromelles remains the single bloodiest day in terms of soldiers killed wounded or missing in australia s military history remains of soldiers were recently discovered in mass graves in northern france and the final soldier will be laid to rest when a new cemetery officially opens on 19th july 2010 the 94th anniversary of the battle

Horsemen in No Man's Land 2011-12-01 despite the substantial output of revisionist scholarship over the last decade reappraising the performance of the british army on the western fro

Horsemen in No Man's Land 2011-12-01 despite the substantial output of revisionist scholarship over the last decade reappraising the performance of the british army on the western front during the first world war there still remains a stubborn perception that its commanders were incompetent inflexible and unimaginative whilst much ink has been spilled vilifying or defending individual commanders or looking for overarching trends and learning curves this is the first work to examine systematically the vertical nature of command that is the transmission of plans from the high command down through the rank structure to the front line through such an investigation a much more rounded measure of the effectiveness of british commanders can be gained one moves the argument beyond the overly simplistic casualties to ground gained equation that is usually offered the battle of fromelles 19 20 july 1916 was selected as the case study as it was relatively small in scale in the right period and retains sufficient primary sources available to sustain the analysis it also witnessed the first time australian forces were used in offensive operations on the western front and thus looms large in wider commonwealth perceptions of bumbling british generals the book follows the progress of the battle plan from its inception in the strategic designs of the supreme commander down through the various intermediate level commands at operational and tactical headquarters until it became the orders that sent the infantry forward into the attack in so doing it provides a unique insight into the strengths and weaknesses of british command structure allowing a much more scholarly judgement of its overall effectiveness

The Battle of Fromelles 1916 2010-06-30 peter simkins has established a reputation over the last forty years as one of the most original and stimulating historians of the first world war he has made a major contribution to the debate about the performance of the british army on the western front this collection of his most perceptive and challenging essays which concentrates on british operations in france between 1916 and 1918 shows that this reputation is richly deserved he focuses on key aspects of the army s performance in battle from the first day of the somme to the hundred days and gives a fascinating insight into the developing theory and practice of the army as it struggled to find a way to break through the german line his rigorous analysis undermines some of the common assumptions and the myths that still cling to the history of these british battles

British Battle Planning in 1916 and the Battle of Fromelles 2016-03-09 the battle of loos was one of the most hard fought battles that the british expeditionary force waged during the first world war this work presents an interpretation of loos placing it not only within its political and strategic context but also discussing command and control and the tactical realities of war on the western front during 1915

From the Somme to Victory 2014-10-30 the years 1909 1918 can be regarded as formative for mi5 an era in which it developed from a small counterespionage bureau into an established security intelligence agency mi5 had two main roles during this period counterespionage and advising the war office on how to deal with the police and the civilian population particularly foreign nationals in britain using hitherto neglected documents from official archives this study examines how mi5 foiled the spies of the kaiser during the first world war paying particular attention to the preventive measures the organization instituted to frustrate espionage and how its

investigations to cure espionage were conducted in so doing intelligence specialist chris northcott also delivers an appreciation of how mi5 saw its work as being divided between preventive measures and investigative work providing an informative and intriguing insight into mi5 s development during its first ten years mi5 began as a one man affair in 1909 tasked with the limited remit of ascertaining the extent of german espionage in britain

amidst an uncertain future by the armistice mi5 s role had expanded considerably and it had begun to develop into an established security intelligence agency with hundreds of personnel spread over six branches covering the investigation of espionage records ports and travelers and alien workers at home and overseas this book offers an original and important contribution to our knowledge of the origins of britain s security services in using the example of mi5 s contest against german spies during the first world war era it forms a groundbreaking study of counterespionage strategy and tactics and it poses the stimulating question of how to measure the effectiveness of a counterespionage agency it also sets out probably the most detailed description of mi5 s organizational structure available

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MI5 at War 1909-1918 2015-06-19 the battle of le hamel on 4 july 1918 was an allied triumph and strategically very important in the closing stages of wwi a largely australian force commanded by the brilliant sir john monash fought what has been described as the first modern battle where infantry tanks artillery and planes operated together as a coordinated force monash planned every detail meticulously with nothing left to chance integrated use of tanks planes infantry wireless and even carrier pigeons was the basis and it went on from there down to the details everyone used the same maps with updated versions delivered by motorbike despatch riders to senior commanders including monash each infantry battalion was allocated to a tank group and they advanced together supplies and ammunition were dropped as needed from planes the losses were relatively few in the words of monash a perfected modern battle plan is like nothing so much as a score for an orchestral composition where the various arms and units are the instruments and the tasks they perform are their respective musical phrases monash planned for the battle to last for 90 minutes in the end it went for 93 what happened in those minutes changed for the rest of the war the way the british fought battles and the tactics and strategies used by the allies peter fitzsimons brings this allied triumph to life and tells this magnificent story as it should be told

2022-05-20 outstanding thought provoking readable and informative soldier one hundred years on on 18 july 1917 a heavy artillery barrage was unleashed by the allied forces against an entrenched german army outside the town of ypres it was to be the opening salvo of one of the most ferociously fought and debilitating encounters of the first world war few battles would encapsulate the utter futility of the war better that what became known as the battle of passchendaele by the time the british and canadian forces finally captured passchendaele village on 6 november the allies had suffered over 271 000 casualties and the german army over 217 000 passchendaele requiem for doomed youth shows how ordinary men on both sides endured this constant state of siege with a very real awareness that they were being gradually deliberately felled here paul ham tells the story of an army caught in the grip of an extraordinary power struggle both global and national as prime minister lloyd george and commander haig s relationship deteriorated beyond repair so a terrible battle of attrition was needlessly and painfully prolonged ham lays down a powerful challenge to the ways in which we have previously seen this monumental battle through an examination of the culpability of governments and military commanders in a catastrophe that destroyed the best part of a generation paul ham argues that passchendaele far from being a breakthrough moment was the battle that nearly lost the allies the war paul ham brings new tools to the job unearthing fresh evidence of a deeply disturbing sort he has a magpie eye for the telling detail ben macintyre the times

Monash's Masterpiece 2018-04-24 all disasters are in some sense man made setting the annus horribilis of 2020 in historical perspective niall ferguson explains why we are getting worse not better at handling disasters disasters are inherently hard to predict pandemics like earthquakes wildfires financial crises and wars are not normally distributed there is no cycle of history to help us anticipate the next catastrophe but when disaster strikes we ought to be better prepared than the romans were when vesuvius erupted or medieval italians when the black death struck we have science on our side after all yet in 2020 the responses of many developed countries including the united states to a new virus from china were badly bungled why why did only a few asian countries learn the right lessons from sars and mers while populist leaders certainly performed poorly in the face of the covid 19 pandemic niall ferguson argues that more profound pathologies were at work pathologies already visible in our responses to earlier disasters in books going back nearly twenty years including colossus the great degeneration and the square and the tower ferguson has studied the foibles of modern america from imperial hubris to bureaucratic sclerosis and online fragmentation drawing from multiple disciplines including economics cliodynamics and network science doom offers not just a history but a general theory of disasters showing why our ever more bureaucratic and complex systems are getting worse at handling them doom is the lesson of history that this country indeed the west as a whole urgently needs to learn if we want to handle the next crisis better and to avoid the ultimate doom of irreversible decline

Passchendaele 2017-05-04 nick lloyd s hundred days the end of the great war explores the brutal heroic and extraordinary final days of the first world war on the eleventh hour of the eleventh day in november 1918 the guns of the western front fell silent the armistice which brought the great war to an end marked a seminal moment in modern european and world history yet the story of how the war ended remains little known in this compelling and ground breaking new study nick lloyd examines the last days of the war and asks the question how did it end beginning at the heralded turning point on the marne in july 1918 hundred days traces the epic story of the next four months which included some of the bloodiest battles of the war using unpublished archive material from five countries this new account reveals how the allies british french american and commonwealth managed to beat the german army by now crippled by indiscipline and ravaged by influenza and force her leaders to seek peace this is a powerful and moving book by a rising military historian lloyd s depiction of the great battles of july november provides compelling evidence of the scale of the allies victories and the bitter reality of german defeat gary sheffield professor of war studies lloyd enters the upper tier of great war historians with this admirable account of the war s final campaign publishers weekly nick lloyd is senior lecturer in defence studies at king s college london based at the joint services command staff college in shrivenham oxfordshire he specialises in british military and imperial history in the era of the great war and is the author of two books loos 1915 2006 and the amritsar massacre the untold story of one fateful day 2011

Doom 2021-05-04 a fully revised and updated new edition of this leading introduction to the theory and conduct of warfare in the twentieth and twenty first centuries the book combines analysis of key concepts theory and military doctrine with reference to relevant examples from history and integrates the l

Hundred Days 2013-11-07 between july and november 1917 in a small corner of belgium more than 500 000 men were killed or maimed gassed or drowned and many of the bodies were never found the ypres offensive represents the modern impression of the first world war splintered trees water filled craters muddy shell holes the climax was one of the worst battles of both world wars passchendaele the village fell eventually only for the whole offensive to be called off but as nick lloyd shows notably through previously unexamined german documents it put the allies nearer to a major turning point in the war than we have ever imagined

**Understanding Modern Warfare** 2016-07-14 in the struggle for development and democracy alessandro olsaretti proposes a humanist social science as a first step to overcome the flaws of neoliberalism and to recover a balanced approach that is needed in the wake of the 9 11 attacks

Passchendaele 2017-05-04 the book is structured around a collection of letters written by a nineteen year old irish officer in the 6th royal irish regiment 2nd lieutenant michael wall from carrick hill near malahide in north co dublin michael was educated by the christian brothers in dublin and destined to study science at ucd before being seduced by the illusion of adventure through war by contextualising and expanding the content of wall s letters and setting them within the entrenched battle zone of the messines ridge burke offers a unique insight into the trench life this young irish man experienced his disillusionment with war and his desire to get home burke also presents an account of the origin preparations and successful execution of the battle to take wijtschate on 7 june 1917 in which the 16th irish and 36th ulster divisions played a pivotal role in conclusion burke offers an insight into the contentious subject of remembrance of the first world war in ireland in the late 1920s

The Struggle for Development and Democracy 2021-12-13 during the allied victory celebrations there were few who chose to raise a glass to the staff the high cost of casualties endured by the british army tarnished the reputation of the military planners which has yet to recover this book examines the work and development of the staff of the british army during the first world war and its critical role in the military leadership team their effectiveness was germane to the outcome of events in the front line but not enough consideration has been paid to this level of command and control which has largely been overshadowed by the debate over generalship this has painted an incomplete picture of the command function characterised as arrogant remote and out of touch with the realities of the front line the staff have been held responsible for the mismanagement of the war effort and profligate loss of lives in futile offensives this book takes a different view by using their letters and diaries it reveals fresh insights into their experience of the war it shows that the staff made frequent visits to the front line and were no strangers to combat or hostile fire their work is also compared with their counterparts in the french and german armies highlighting differences in practice and approach in so doing this study throws new light upon the characteristics careers and working lives of these officers investigating the ways in which they both embraced and resisted change this offers evidence both for those who wish to exonerate the british command system on the basis of the learning process but also for those critical of its performance thus advancing understanding of british military history in the first world war

Cassell's History of the United States 1874 bruccoli great war collection at the university of south carolina an illustrated catalogue provides a reference tool for the study of one of the great watershed moments in history on both sides of the atlantic serving historians researchers and collectors

Messines to Carrick Hill: 2017-05-15 ferdinand foch ended the first world war as marshal of france and supreme commander of the allied armies on the western front foch in command is a pioneering study of his contribution to the allied victory elizabeth greenhalgh uses contemporary notebooks letters and documents from previously under studied archives to chart how the artillery officer who had never commanded troops in battle when the war began learned to fight the enemy to cope with difficult colleagues and allies and to manoeuvre through the political minefield of civil military relations she offers valuable insights into neglected questions the contribution of unified command to the allied victory the role of a commander s general staff and the mechanisms of command at corps and army level she demonstrates how an energetic foch developed war winning strategies for a modern industrial war and how political realities contributed to his losing the peace

The Men Who Planned the War 2017-05-15 when great britain and its dominions declared war on germany in august 1914 they were faced with the formidable challenge of transforming masses of untrained citizen soldiers at home and abroad into competent coordinated fighting divisions the empire on the western front focuses on the development of two units britain s 62nd 2nd west riding division and the canadian 4th division to show how the british expeditionary force rose to this challenge by turning the spotlight on army formation and operations at the divisional level jackson calls into question existing accounts that emphasize the differences between the imperial and dominion armies

The Commonwealth Armies 1988 the royal welch fusiliers were present at all marlborough's great victories they were one of the six minden regiments they fought throughout the peninsula and were present at wellington's

final glorious victory at waterloo in the great war their officers included the writer poets siegfried sassoon and robert graves their 22 battalions fought not just on the western front but at gallipoli in egypt palestine salonika mesopotamia and italy in ww2 they won battle honours from the reichswald to kohima more recently they have served with distinction in the war against terror in the middle east like so many famous regiments the rwf are no longer in the british army s order of battle having been amalgamated into the royal regiment of wales but this fine book is the lasting memorial to a fiercely proud and greatly admired regiment

The Joseph M. Bruccoli Great War Collection at the University of South Carolina 2005 numbering over five million men britain s army in the first world war was the biggest in the country s history remarkably nearly half those men who served in it were volunteers 2 466 719 men enlisted between august 1914 and december 1915 many in response to the appeals of the field marshal lord kitchener how did britain succeed in creating a mass army almost from scratch in the middle of a major war what compelled so many men to volunteer and what happened to them once they had taken the king s shilling peter simkins describes how kitchener s new armies were raised and reviews the main political economic and social effects of the recruiting campaign he examines the experiences and impressions of the officers and men who made up the new armies as well as analysing their motives for enlisting he explores how they were fed housed equipped and trained before they set off for active service abroad drawing upon a wide variety of sources ranging from government papers to the diaries and letters of individual soldiers he questions long held assumptions about the rush to the colours and the nature of patriotism in 1914 the book will be of interest not only to those studying social political and economic history

Foch in Command 2011-08-04 this book fully revises standard regimental history by establishing the framework and background to the regiment s role in the great war it tests the current theories about the british army in the war and some of the conclusions of modern military historians in recent years a fascinating reassessment of the combat performance of the british army in the great war has stressed the fact that the british army ascended a learning curve during the conflict resulting in a modern military machine of awesome power research carried out thus far has been on a grand scale with very few examinations of smaller units this study of the battalion of the buffs has tested these theoretical ideas the central questions addressed in this study are the factors that dominated the officer man relationship during the war how identity and combat efficiency was maintained in the light of heavy casualties the relative importance of individual characters to the efficiency of a battalion as opposed to the managerial structures of the bef the importance of brigade and division to the performance of a battalion the effective understanding and deployment of new weapons the reactions of individual men to the trials of war the personal and private reactions of the soldiers communities in kent using previously uncovered material this book adds a significant new chapter to our understanding of the british army on the western front and the way its home community in east kent reacted to experience it reveals the way in which the regiment adjusted to the shock of modern warfare and the bloody learning curve the buffs ascended as they shared the british expeditionary force s march towards final victory

but also to general readers who wish to know more about the story of britain s citizen soldiers in the great war

The Empire on the Western Front 2019-04-01 in this study the author traces the reasons for the british army s tactical weakness in normany to flaws in its training in britain the armour suffered from failures of experience disagreements between general montgomery and the war office exacerbated matters

'That Astonishing Infantry' 2007-11-15 drawing on a wealth of new material from military ecclesiastical and secular civilian archives this book shows that religion had much greater currency and influence in twentieth century british society than has previously been realized

Kitchener's Army 2007-08-30 it necessitated a technological response first the armored tank then the jet fighter and perhaps ultimately the hydrogen bomb

Cassell's Illustrated History of India 1878 two men came to personify british and german generalship in the second world war bernard montgomery and erwin rommel they fought a series of extraordinary duels across several theatres of war which established them as two of the greatest captains of their age our understanding of leadership in battle was altered for ever by their electrifying personal qualities ever since historians have assessed their outstanding leadership personalities and skill the careers of both began on the periphery of the military establishment and represent the first time military commanders proactively and systematically used and were used by the media as they came to prominence first in north africa then in normandy dynamic and forward thinking their lives also represent a study of pride propaganda and nostalgia caddick adams tracks and compares their military talents and personalities in battle each brought something special to their commands rommel s breathtaking advance in may june 1940 was nothing less than inspired montgomery is a gift for leadership gurus in the way he took over a demoralised eighth army in august 1942 and led it to victory just two months later this compelling work is both scholarly and entertaining and marks the debut of a major new talent in historical biography

Cassell's history of the war between France and Germany, 1870-1871 1871 at the outbreak of the first world war in 1914 captain j l jack was serving with the first cameronians one of the earliest british regiments to arrive in france almost every day while serving in france and flanders jack kept a secret diary this diary is unique it presents the detail of a regular officer s life at war during virtually the whole of the first world war on the western front jack was witness not only to the horror and wretchedness of much that happened in the trenches but also to the bravery and spirit that kept the british soldiers in the line going through to the momentous battles of 1918 and final victory poignant and moving as well as describing the reality of war on the western front these diaries have been edited and linked with commentaries by the distinguished military historian john terraine

Steady The Buffs! 2006-11-30

Cassell's illustrated almanack 1871

John Cassell's Illustrated History of England 1864 Military Training in the British Army, 1940-1944 2016-01-20

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