Read free Therapeutic applications of monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine series in medical physics and biomedical (PDF)

monte carlo methods have been a tool of theoretical and computational scientists for many years in particular the invention and percolation of the algorithm of metropolis rosenbluth rosenbluth teller and teller sparked a rapid growth of applications to classical statistical mechanics although proposals for treatment of quantum systems had been made even earlier only a few serious calculations had heen carried out ruch calculations are generally more consuming of computer resources than for classical systems and no universal algorithm had or indeed has yet emerged however with advances in techniques and in sheer computing power monte carlo methods have been used with considerable success in treating quantum fluids and crystals simple models of nuclear matter and few body nuclei research at several institutions suggest that they may offer a new approach to quantum chemistry one that is independent of basis ann yet capable of chemical accuracy that monte carlo methods can attain the very great precision needed is itself a remarkable achievement more recently new interest in such methods has arisen in two new a as particle theorists in particular k wilson have drawn attention to the rich analogy between quantum field theoty and statistical mechanics and to the merits of monte carlo calculations for lattice gauge theories this has become a rapidly growing sub field a related development is associated with lattice problems in quantum physics particularly with models of solid state systems the is much ferment in the calculation of various one dimensional problems such as the hubbard model in the seven years since this volume first appeared there has been an enormous expansion of the range of problems to which monte carlo computer simulation methods have been applied this fact has already led to the addition of a companion volume applications of the monte carlo method in statistical physics topics in current physics vol 36 edited in 1984 to this book but the field continues to develop further rapid progress is being made with respect to the implementation of monte carlo algorithms the construction of special purpose computers dedicated to exe cute monte carlo programs and new methods to analyze the data generated by these programs brief descriptions of these and other developments together with numerous addi tional references are included in a new chapter recent trends in monte carlo simulations which has been written for this second edition typographical corrections have been made and fuller references given where appropriate but otherwise the layout and contents of the other chapters are left unchanged thus this book together with its companion volume mentioned above gives a fairly complete and up to date review of the field it is hoped that the reduced price of this paperback edition will make it accessible to a wide range of scientists and students in the fields to which it is relevant theoretical physics and physical chemistry con densed matter physics and materials science computational physics and applied

mathematics etc with this book we try to reach several more or less unattainable goals namely to compromise in a single book all the most important achievements of monte carlo calculations for solving neutron and photon transport problems to present a book which discusses the same topics in the three levels known from the literature and gives us useful information for both beginners and experienced readers it lists both well established old techniques and also newest findings therapeutic applications of monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine examines the applications of monte carlo mc calculations in therapeutic nuclear medicine from basic principles to computer implementations of software packages and their applications in radiation dosimetry and treatment planning with chapters written by recognized authorit first published in 1988 this book offers a full exploration into the applications of the monte carlo simulation carefully compiled and filled with a vast repertoire of notes diagrams and references this book serves as a useful reference for students of radiology and other practitioners in their respective fields from first principles to current computer applications monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine second edition applications in diagnostic imaging covers the applications of monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine and critically reviews them from a diagnostic perspective like the first edition this book explains the monte carlo method and the principles behind spect and pet imaging introduces the reader to some monte carlo software currently in use and gives the reader a detailed idea of some possible applications of monte carlo in current research in spect and pet new chapters in this edition cover codes and applications in pre clinical pet and spect the book explains how monte carlo methods and software packages can be applied to evaluate scatter in spect and pet imaging collimation and image deterioration a guide for researchers and students developing methods to improve image resolution it also demonstrates how monte carlo techniques can be used to simulate complex imaging systems excerpt from monte carlo transport calculations on an ultracomputer updating particle tallies in a large number of different spatial energy time and direction bins by different processors presents a serious problem in some machines this difficulty is well resolved by a new instruction which was devised for coordination it is the fetch and add which indivisibly adds an increment to memory we assume the availability of a floating point fetch and add about the publisher forgotten books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books find more at forgottenbooks com this book is a reproduction of an important historical work forgotten books uses state of the art technology to digitally reconstruct the work preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy in rare cases an imperfection in the original such as a blemish or missing page may be replicated in our edition we do however repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works targets both students or professionals both novice and experienced in medical radiotherapy physics combines overviews of development methods and references to facilitate monte carlo studies focuses on applications in radiotherapy deals with the computer simulation of complex physical sys tems encountered in condensed matter physics and statistical mechanics as well as in related fields such as metallurgy polymer research lattice gauge theory and quantummechanics this two part treatment introduces the general principles of the monte carlo method within a unified mathematical point of view applying them to problems in neutron transport it describes

several efficiency enhancing approaches including the method of superposition and simulation of the adjoint equation based on reciprocity the first half of the book presents an exposition of the fundamentals of monte carlo methods examining discrete and continuous random walk processes and standard variance reduction techniques the second half of the text focuses directly on the methods of superposition and reciprocity illustrating their applications to specific neutron transport problems topics include the computation of thermal neutron fluxes and the superposition principle in resonance escape computations for ten days at the end of september 1987 a group of about 75 scientists from 21 different countries gathered in a restored monastery on a 750 meter high piece of rock jutting out of the mediterranean sea to discuss the simulation of the transport of electrons and photons using monte carlo techniques when we first had the idea for this meeting ralph nelson who had organized a previous course at the ettore majorana centre for scientific culture suggested that erice would be the ideal place for such a meeting nahum nelson and rogers became co directors of the course with the help of alessandro rindi the director of the school of radiation damage and protection and professor antonino zichichi director of the ettore majorana centre the course was an outstanding success both scientifically and socially and those at the meeting will carry the marks of having attended both intellectually and on a personal level where many friendships were made the scientific content of the course was at a very high caliber both because of the hard work done by all the lecturers in preparing their lectures e g complete copies of each lecture were available at the beginning of the course and because of the high quality of the students many of whom were accomplished experts in the field the outstanding facilities of the centre contributed greatly to the success this volume contains the formal record of the course lectures the scattering of visible light by clouds is calculated from an efficient monte carlo code which follows the multiply scattered path of the photon the single scattering phase function is obtained from the mie theory by integration over a particle size distribution the photons are followed through a sufficient number of collisions and reflections from the lower surface which may have any desired albedo until they make a negligible contribution to the intensity various variance reduction techniques were used to improve the statistics the reflected and transmitted intensity is studied as a function of solar zenith angle optical thickness and surface albedo the downward flux cloud albedo and mean optical path of the transmitted and reflected photons are given as a function of these same parameters the numerous small angle scatterings of the photon in the direction of the incident beam are followed accurately and produce a greater penetration into the cloud than is obtained with a more isotropic and less realistic phase function author abstract the results of the calculations of extremely accurate wave functions for the ground state of two helium atoms including energies obtained from these wave functions are presented herein these energies provide a variational upper bound to the born oppenheimer potential curve for this system the necessary expectation values were calculated by biased monte carlo techniques at seven internuclear distances the energy obtained from the trial wave function at the potential minimum is 11 6149685 0 0000030 ry giving a well depth of 7 10 0 30 x 10 5 ry at the nuclear separation distance of 5 6 bohr radii a it is estimated that this energy is above the energy of the exact wave function by no more than 1 8 x 10 6 ry the extremely small monte carlo standard deviation a of 3 0 x 10 ry was made possible

through a combination of the three factors 1 evaluation of the integrands for many over 10 monte carlo points for the seven internuclear distances this took a total of about 50 hours of cpu time on an amdahl 47 0 v6 2 monte carlo methods which allowed for analytic removal of all singularities for finding good weight function 3 the extremely accurate wave functions reported herein these wave functions in fact were found by minimizing rather than the energy the standard deviation in this energy a which is zero for a perfect wave function this enabled us to optimize the set of values for the 2 9 variational parameters by using very few monte carlo points and therefore made this step financially feasible monte carlo evaluation of the integrals allows total freedom to choose a natural and concise expansion for the wave functions the wave functions used combine schwartz s 189 term hylleraas type atomic wave function with molecular terms containing dipole dipole dipole quadrupole and further terms in the expansion of the interatomic potential energy the born oppenheimer potential curve found in this work is in rough agreement with the experimental results of burgmans farrar and lee bil the greatest departure is at the nuclear separation distance of 5 6 ab where the potential found is 1 3a below the bfl result of 6 70 ry therefore the upper bound found herein should be considered to be in agreement with the bfl potential curve with just a hint that the exact curve is deeper than the bfl curve dissertation discovery company and university of florida are dedicated to making scholarly works more discoverable and accessible throughout the world this dissertation monte carlo calculation of the born oppenheimer potential between two helium atoms by rex everett lowther was obtained from university of florida and is being sold with permission from the author a digital copy of this work may also be found in the university s institutional repository ir uf the content of this dissertation has not been altered in any way we have altered the formatting in order to facilitate the ease of printing and reading of the dissertation modern cancer treatment relies on monte carlo simulations to help radiotherapists and clinical physicists better understand and compute radiation dose from imaging devices as well as exploit four dimensional imaging data with monte carlo based treatment planning tools now available from commercial vendors a complete transition to monte carlo base this book reviews recent developments of quantum monte carlo methods and some remarkable applications to interacting quantum spin systems and strongly correlated electron systems it contains twenty two papers by thirty authors some of the features are as follows the first paper gives the foundations of the standard quantum monte carlo method including some recent results on higher order decompositions of exponential operators and ordered exponentials the second paper presents a general review of quantum monte carlo methods used in the present book one of the most challenging problems in the field of quantum monte carlo techniques the negative sign problem is also discussed and new methods proposed to partially overcome it in addition low dimensional quantum spin systems are studied some interesting applications of quantum monte carlo methods to fermion systems are also presented to investigate the role of strong correlations and fluctuations of electrons and to clarify the mechanism of high c superconductivity not only thermal properties but also quantum mechanical ground state properties have been studied by the projection technique using auxiliary fields further the haldane gap is confirmed by numerical calculations active researchers in the forefront of condensed matter physics as well as young graduate students

who want to start learning the quantum monte carlo methods will find this book useful the mathematical technique of monte carlo as applied to the transport of sub atomic particles has been described in numerous reports and books since its formal development in the 1940s most of these instructional efforts have been directed either at the mathematical basis of the technique or at its practical application as embodied in the several large formal computer codes available for performing monte carlo transport calculations this book attempts to fill what appears to be a gap in this monte carlo literature between the mathematics and the software thus while the mathematical basis for monte carlo transport is covered in some detail emphasis is placed on the application of the technique to the solution of practical radiation transport problems this is done by using the pc as the basic teaching tool this book assumes the reader has a knowledge of integral calculus neutron transport theory and fortran programming it also assumes the reader has available a pc with a fortran compiler any pc of reasonable size should be adequate to reproduce the examples or solve the exercises contained herein the authors believe it is important for the reader to execute these examples and exercises and by doing so to become accomplished at preparing appropriate software for solving radiation transport problems using monte carlo the step from the software described in this book to the use of production monte carlo codes should be straightforward monte carlo methods are a class of computational algorithms for simulating the behavior of a wide range of various physical and mathematical systems with many variables their utility has increased with general availability of fast computers and new applications are continually forthcoming the basic concepts of monte carlo are both simple and straightforward and rooted in statistics and probability theory their defining characteristic being that the methodology relies on random or pseudo random sequences of numbers it is a technique of numerical analysis based on the approximate solution of a problem using repeated sampling experiments and observing the proportion of times a given property is satisfied the term monte carlo was first used to describe calculational methods based on chance in the 1940s but the methods themselves preceded the term by as much as a century quantum monte carlo qmc first appeared in 1982 and similarly was preceded by development of the related calculational methodology the success of qmc methods over the past few decades has been remarkable and this book will clearly demonstrate that success in its discussion of applications for isolated molecules the basic material of chemistry qmc methods have produced exact solutions of the schroedinger equation for very small systems and the most accurate solutions available for very large systems the range of applications is impressive folding of protein molecules interactions in liquids structure modeling in crystals and enzymes quantum dots designing heat shields and aerodynamic forms architecture design business and economics and even cinema and video games 3d modeling this book takes a similar approach to henry schaefers classic book quantum chemistry oup 1984 now a dover edition collecting summaries of some of the most important papers in the quantum monte carlo literature tying everything together with analysis and discussion of applications quantum monte carlo is a reference book for quantum monte carlo applications belonging near the desk of every quantum chemist physicist and a wide range of scientists and engineers across many disciplines destined to become a classic this introduction to monte carlo methods seeks to identify and

study the unifying elements that underlie their effective application it focuses on two basic themes the first is the importance of random walks as they occur both in natural stochastic systems and in their relationship to integral and differential equations the second theme is that of variance reduction in general and importance sampling in particular as a technique for efficient use of the methods random walks are introduced with an elementary example in which the modelling of radiation transport arises directly from a schematic probabilistic description of the interaction of radiation with matter building on that example the relationship between random walks and integral equations is outlined the applicability of these ideas to other problems is shown by a clear and elementary introduction to the solution of the schrodinger equation by random walks the detailed discussion of variance reduction includes monte carlo evaluation of finite dimensional integrals special attention is given to importance sampling partly because of its intrinsic interest in quadrature partly because of its general usefulness in the solution of integral equations one significant feature is that monte carlo methods treats the metropolis algorithm in the context of sampling methods clearly distinguishing it from importance sampling physicists chemists statisticians mathematicians and computer scientists will find monte carlo methods a complete and stimulating introduction monte carlo techniques have increasingly become a key method used in quantitative research this book introduces engineers and scientists to the basics of using the monte carlo simulation method which is used in operations research and other fields to understand the impact of risk and uncertainty in prediction and forecasting models monte carlo simulation an introduction for engineers and scientists explores several specific applications in addition to illustrating the principles behind the methods the question of accuracy and efficiency with using the method is addressed thoroughly within each chapter and all program listings are included in the discussion of each application to facilitate further research for the reader using python programming language beginning engineers and scientists either already in or about to go into industry or commercial and government scientific laboratories will find this book essential it could also be of interest to undergraduates in engineering science and mathematics as well as instructors and lecturers who have no prior knowledge of monte carlo simulations thoroughly updated throughout this second edition of monte carlo techniques in radiation therapy applications to dosimetry imaging and preclinical radiotherapy edited by joao seco and frank verhaegen explores the use of monte carlo methods for modelling various features of internal and external radiation sources monte carlo methods have been heavily used in the field of radiation therapy in applications such as dosimetry imaging radiation chemistry modelling of small animal irradiation units etc the aim of this book is to provide a compendium of the monte carlo methods that are commonly used in radiation therapy applications which will allow students postdoctoral fellows and university professors to learn and teach monte carlo techniques this book provides concise but detailed information about many monte carlo applications that cannot be found in any other didactic or scientific book this second edition contains many new chapters on topics such as monte carlo studies of prompt gamma emission developments in proton imaging monte carlo for cone beam ct imaging monte carlo modelling of proton beams for small animal irradiation monte carlo studies of microbeam radiation therapy monte carlo in micro and nano dosimetry gpu based fast monte carlo simulations

for radiotherapy this book is primarily aimed at students and scientists wishing to learn and improve their

knowledge of monte carlo methods in radiation therapy

Monte Carlo Calculations on Intranuclear Cascades 1963

monte carlo methods have been a tool of theoretical and computational scientists for many years in particular the invention and percolation of the algorithm of metropolis rosenbluth rosenbluth teller and teller sparked a rapid growth of applications to classical statistical mechanics although proposals for treatment of quantum systems had been made even earlier only a few serious calculations had heen carried out ruch calculations are generally more consuming of computer resources than for classical systems and no universal algorithm had or indeed has yet emerged however with advances in techniques and in sheer computing power monte carlo methods have been used with considerable success in treating quantum fluids and crystals simple models of nuclear matter and few body nuclei research at several institutions suggest that they may offer a new approach to quantum chemistry one that is independent of basis ann yet capable of chemical accuracy that monte carlo methods can attain the very great precision needed is itself a remarkable achievement more recently new interest in such methods has arisen in two new a as particle theorists in particular k wilson have drawn attention to the rich analogy between quantum field theoty and statistical mechanics and to the merits of monte carlo calculations for lattice gauge theories this has become a rapidly growing sub field a related development is associated with lattice problems in quantum physics particularly with models of solid state systems the is much ferment in the calculation of various one dimensional problems such as the hubbard model

Monte Carlo Calculations of Gamma Ray Penetration 1960

in the seven years since this volume first appeared there has been an enormous expansion of the range of problems to which monte carlo computer simulation methods have been applied this fact has already led to the addition of a companion volume applications of the monte carlo method in statistical physics topics in current physics vol 36 edited in 1984 to this book but the field continues to develop further rapid progress is being made with respect to the implementation of monte carlo algorithms the construction of special purpose computers dedicated to exe cute monte carlo programs and new methods to analyze the data generated by these programs brief descriptions of these and other developments together with numerous additional references are included in a new chapter recent trends in monte carlo simulations which has been written for this second edition typographical correct tions have been made and fuller references given where appropriate but otherwise the layout and contents of the other chapters are left unchanged thus this book together with its companion volume mentioned above gives a fairly complete and up to date review of the field it is hoped that the reduced price of this paperback edition will make it accessible to a wide range of scientists and students in the fields to which it is relevant theoretical physics and physical chemistry con densed matter physics and materials science computational physics and applied mathematics etc

Monte Carlo Methods in Quantum Problems 2012-12-06

with this book we try to reach several more or less unattainable goals namely to compromise in a single book all the most important achievements of monte carlo calculations for solving neutron and photon transport problems to present a book which discusses the same topics in the three levels known from the literature and gives us useful information for both beginners and experienced readers it lists both well established old techniques and also newest findings

Monte Carlo Methods in Statistical Physics 2012-12-06

therapeutic applications of monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine examines the applications of monte carlo mc calculations in therapeutic nuclear medicine from basic principles to computer implementations of software packages and their applications in radiation dosimetry and treatment planning with chapters written by recognized authorit

Monte Carlo Particle Transport Methods 2018-05-04

first published in 1988 this book offers a full exploration into the applications of the monte carlo simulation carefully compiled and filled with a vast repertoire of notes diagrams and references this book serves as a useful reference for students of radiology and other practitioners in their respective fields

Therapeutic Applications of Monte Carlo Calculations in Nuclear Medicine 2002-09-01

from first principles to current computer applications monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine second edition applications in diagnostic imaging covers the applications of monte carlo calculations in nuclear medicine and critically reviews them from a diagnostic perspective like the first edition this book explains the monte carlo method and the principles behind spect and pet imaging introduces the reader to some monte carlo software currently in use and gives the reader a detailed idea of some possible applications of monte carlo in current research in spect and pet new chapters in this edition cover codes and applications in pre clinical pet and spect the book explains how monte carlo methods and software packages can be applied to evaluate scatter in spect and pet imaging collimation and image deterioration a guide for researchers and students developing methods to improve image resolution it also demonstrates how monte carlo techniques can be used to simulate complex imaging systems

Markov Chains and Monte Carlo Calculations in Polymer Science 1970

excerpt from monte carlo transport calculations on an ultracomputer updating particle tallies in a large number of different spatial energy time and direction bins by different processors presents a serious problem in some machines this difficulty is well resolved by a new instruction which was devised for coordination it is the fetch and add which indivisibly adds an increment to memory we assume the availability of a floating point fetch and add about the publisher forgotten books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books find more at forgottenbooks com this book is a reproduction of an important historical work forgotten books uses state of the art technology to digitally reconstruct the work preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy in rare cases an imperfection in the original such as a blemish or missing page may be replicated in our edition we do however repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works

Monte Carlo Simulation in the Radiological Sciences 2019-06-04

targets both students or professionals both novice and experienced in medical radiotherapy physics combines overviews of development methods and references to facilitate monte carlo studies focuses on applications in radiotherapy

Monte Carlo Calculations in Nuclear Medicine, Second Edition 2012-11-06

deals with the computer simulation of complex physical sys tems encountered n condensed matter physics and statistical mechanics as well as in related fields such as metallurgy polymer research lattice gauge theory and quantummechanics

Monte Carlo Calculations of Fast Multicomponent Critical Systems 1967

this two part treatment introduces the general principles of the monte carlo method within a unified mathematical point of view applying them to problems in neutron transport it describes several efficiency enhancing approaches including the method of superposition and simulation of the adjoint equation based on reciprocity the first half of the book presents an exposition of the fundamentals of monte carlo methods examining discrete and continuous random walk processes and standard variance reduction techniques the second half of the text focuses directly on the methods of superposition and reciprocity illustrating their applications to specific neutron transport problems topics include the computation of thermal neutron fluxes and the superposition principle in

Monte Carlo Calculations of Neutron Number Sprectra and Buildup Factors in Infinite Conical Configurations 1962

for ten days at the end of september 1987 a group of about 75 scientists from 21 different countries gathered in a restored monastery on a 750 meter high piece of rock jutting out of the mediterranean sea to discuss the simulation of the transport of electrons and photons using monte carlo techniques when we first had the idea for this meeting ralph nelson who had organized a previous course at the ettore majorana centre for scientific culture suggested that erice would be the ideal place for such a meeting nahum nelson and rogers became co directors of the course with the help of alessandro rindi the director of the school of radiation damage and protection and professor antonino zichichi director of the ettore majorana centre the course was an outstanding success both scientifically and socially and those at the meeting will carry the marks of having attended both intellectually and on a personal level where many friendships were made the scientific content of the course was at a very high caliber both because of the hard work done by all the lecturers in preparing their lectures e g complete copies of each lecture were available at the beginning of the course and because of the high quality of the students many of whom were accomplished experts in the field the outstanding facilities of the centre contributed greatly to the success this volume contains the formal record of the course lectures

Monte Carlo Transport Calculations on an Ultracomputer (Classic Reprint) 2018-02-07

the scattering of visible light by clouds is calculated from an efficient monte carlo code which follows the multiply scattered path of the photon the single scattering phase function is obtained from the mie theory by integration over a particle size distribution the photons are followed through a sufficient number of collisions and reflections from the lower surface which may have any desired albedo until they make a negligible contribution to the intensity various variance reduction techniques were used to improve the statistics the reflected and transmitted intensity is studied as a function of solar zenith angle optical thickness and surface albedo the downward flux cloud albedo and mean optical path of the transmitted and reflected photons are given as a function of these same parameters the numerous small angle scatterings of the photon in the direction of the incident beam are followed accurately and produce a greater penetration into the cloud than is obtained with a more isotropic and less realistic phase function author

Monte Carlo Techniques in Radiation Therapy 2021-11-29

abstract the results of the calculations of extremely accurate wave functions for the ground state of two helium atoms including energies obtained from these wave functions are presented herein these energies provide a variational upper bound to the born oppenheimer potential curve for this system the necessary expectation values were calculated by biased monte carlo techniques at seven internuclear distances the energy obtained from the trial wave function at the potential minimum is 11 6149685 0 0000030 ry giving a well depth of 7 10 0 30 x 10 5 ry at the nuclear separation distance of 5 6 bohr radii a it is estimated that this energy is above the energy of the exact wave function by no more than 1 8 x 10 6 ry the extremely small monte carlo standard deviation a of 3 0 x 10 ry was made possible through a combination of the three factors 1 evaluation of the integrands for many over 10 monte carlo points for the seven internuclear distances this took a total of about 50 hours of cpu time on an amdahl 47 0 v6 2 monte carlo methods which allowed for analytic removal of all singularities for finding good weight function 3 the extremely accurate wave functions reported herein these wave functions in fact were found by minimizing rather than the energy the standard deviation in this energy a which is zero for a perfect wave function this enabled us to optimize the set of values for the 2 9 variational parameters by using very few monte carlo points and therefore made this step financially feasible monte carlo evaluation of the integrals allows total freedom to choose a natural and concise expansion for the wave functions the wave functions used combine schwartz s 189 term hylleraas type atomic wave function with molecular terms containing dipole dipole dipole quadrupole and further terms in the expansion of the interatomic potential energy the born oppenheimer potential curve found in this work is in rough agreement with the experimental results of burgmans farrar and lee bfl the greatest departure is at the nuclear separation distance of 5 6 ab where the potential found is 1 3a below the bfl result of 6 70 ry therefore the upper bound found herein should be considered to be in agreement with the bfl potential curve with just a hint that the exact curve is deeper than the bfl curve dissertation discovery company and university of florida are dedicated to making scholarly works more discoverable and accessible throughout the world this dissertation monte carlo calculation of the born oppenheimer potential between two helium atoms by rex everett lowther was obtained from university of florida and is being sold with permission from the author a digital copy of this work may also be found in the university s institutional repository ir uf the content of this dissertation has not been altered in any way we have altered the formatting in order to facilitate the ease of printing and reading of the dissertation

One-Velocity Monte Carlo Calculations of Uranium Metal Critical Geometries 1964

modern cancer treatment relies on monte carlo simulations to help radiotherapists and clinical physicists better understand and compute radiation dose from imaging devices as well as exploit four dimensional imaging data with monte carlo based treatment planning tools now available from commercial vendors a complete transition to monte carlo base

Applications of the Monte Carlo Method in Statistical Physics 2013-06-29

this book reviews recent developments of quantum monte carlo methods and some remarkable applications to interacting quantum spin systems and strongly correlated electron systems it contains twenty two papers by thirty authors some of the features are as follows the first paper gives the foundations of the standard quantum monte carlo method including some recent results on higher order decompositions of exponential operators and ordered exponentials the second paper presents a general review of quantum monte carlo methods used in the present book one of the most challenging problems in the field of quantum monte carlo techniques the negative sign problem is also discussed and new methods proposed to partially overcome it in addition low dimensional quantum spin systems are studied some interesting applications of quantum monte carlo methods to fermion systems are also presented to investigate the role of strong correlations and fluctuations of electrons and to clarify the mechanism of high c superconductivity not only thermal properties but also quantum mechanical ground state properties have been studied by the projection technique using auxiliary fields further the haldane gap is confirmed by numerical calculations active researchers in the forefront of condensed matter physics as well as young graduate students who want to start learning the quantum monte carlo methods will find this book useful

Monte Carlo Principles and Neutron Transport Problems 2008-01-01

the mathematical technique of monte carlo as applied to the transport of sub atomic particles has been described in numerous reports and books since its formal development in the 1940s most of these instructional efforts have been directed either at the mathematical basis of the technique or at its practical application as embodied in the several large formal computer codes available for performing monte carlo transport calculations this book attempts to fill what appears to be a gap in this monte carlo literature between the mathematics and the software thus while the mathematical basis for monte carlo transport is covered in some detail emphasis is placed on the application of the technique to the solution of practical radiation transport problems this is done by using the pc as the basic teaching tool this book assumes the reader has a knowledge of integral calculus neutron transport theory and fortran programming it also assumes the reader has available a pc with a fortran compiler any pc of reasonable size should be adequate to reproduce the examples or solve the exercises contained herein the authors believe it is important for the reader to execute these examples and exercises and by doing so to become accomplished at preparing appropriate software for solving radiation transport problems using monte carlo the step from the software described in this book to the use of production monte carlo codes should be straightforward

Monte Carlo Transport of Electrons and Photons 2012-12-06

monte carlo methods are a class of computational algorithms for simulating the behavior of a wide range of various physical and mathematical systems with many variables their utility has increased with general availability of fast computers and new applications are continually forthcoming the basic concepts of monte carlo are both simple and straightforward and rooted in statistics and probability theory their defining characteristic being that the methodology relies on random or pseudo random sequences of numbers it is a technique of numerical analysis based on the approximate solution of a problem using repeated sampling experiments and observing the proportion of times a given property is satisfied the term monte carlo was first used to describe calculational methods based on chance in the 1940s but the methods themselves preceded the term by as much as a century guantum monte carlo gmc first appeared in 1982 and similarly was preceded by development of the related calculational methodology the success of gmc methods over the past few decades has been remarkable and this book will clearly demonstrate that success in its discussion of applications for isolated molecules the basic material of chemistry qmc methods have produced exact solutions of the schroedinger equation for very small systems and the most accurate solutions available for very large systems the range of applications is impressive folding of protein molecules interactions in liquids structure modeling in crystals and enzymes quantum dots designing heat shields and aerodynamic forms architecture design business and economics and even cinema and video games 3d modeling this book takes a similar approach to henry schaefers classic book quantum chemistry oup 1984 now a dover edition collecting summaries of some of the most important papers in the quantum monte carlo literature tying everything together with analysis and discussion of applications quantum monte carlo is a reference book for quantum monte carlo applications belonging near the desk of every quantum chemist physicist and a wide range of scientists and engineers across many disciplines destined to become a classic

Monte Carlo Methods 1965

this introduction to monte carlo methods seeks to identify and study the unifying elements that underlie their effective application it focuses on two basic themes the first is the importance of random walks as they occur both in natural stochastic systems and in their relationship to integral and differential equations the second theme is that of variance reduction in general and importance sampling in particular as a technique for efficient use of the methods random walks are introduced with an elementary example in which the modelling of radiation transport arises directly from a schematic probabilistic description of the interaction of radiation with matter building on that example the relationship between random walks and integral equations is outlined the applicability of these ideas to other problems is shown by a clear and elementary introduction to the solution of the schrodinger equation by random walks the detailed discussion of variance reduction includes monte carlo evaluation of finite dimensional integrals special attention is given to importance sampling partly because of its intrinsic interest in quadrature partly because of its general usefulness in the solution of integral equations one significant feature is that monte carlo methods treats the metropolis algorithm in the context of sampling methods clearly distinguishing it from importance sampling physicists chemists statisticians mathematicians and computer scientists will find monte carlo methods a complete and stimulating introduction

Monte Carlo Calculations of Light Scattering from Clouds 1967

monte carlo techniques have increasingly become a key method used in quantitative research this book introduces engineers and scientists to the basics of using the monte carlo simulation method which is used in operations research and other fields to understand the impact of risk and uncertainty in prediction and forecasting models monte carlo simulation an introduction for engineers and scientists explores several specific applications in addition to illustrating the principles behind the methods the question of accuracy and efficiency with using the method is addressed thoroughly within each chapter and all program listings are included in the discussion of each application to facilitate further research for the reader using python programming language beginning engineers and scientists either already in or about to go into industry or commercial and government scientific laboratories will find this book essential it could also be of interest to undergraduates in engineering science and mathematics as well as instructors and lecturers who have no prior knowledge of monte carlo simulations

Monte Carlo Calculation of the Born-Oppenheimer Potential Between Two Helium Atoms *2019-05-31*

thoroughly updated throughout this second edition of monte carlo techniques in radiation therapy applications to dosimetry imaging and preclinical radiotherapy edited by joao seco and frank verhaegen explores the use of monte carlo methods for modelling various features of internal and external radiation sources monte carlo methods have been heavily used in the field of radiation therapy in applications such as dosimetry imaging radiation chemistry modelling of small animal irradiation units etc the aim of this book is to provide a compendium of the monte carlo methods that are commonly used in radiation therapy applications which will allow students postdoctoral fellows and university professors to learn and teach monte carlo techniques this book provides concise but detailed information about many monte carlo applications that cannot be found in any other didactic or scientific book this second edition contains many new chapters on topics such as monte carlo studies of prompt gamma emission developments in proton imaging monte carlo for cone beam ct imaging monte carlo

modelling of proton beams for small animal irradiation monte carlo studies of microbeam radiation therapy monte carlo in micro and nano dosimetry gpu based fast monte carlo simulations for radiotherapy this book is primarily aimed at students and scientists wishing to learn and improve their knowledge of monte carlo methods in radiation therapy

Monte Carlo Techniques in Radiation Therapy 2016-04-19

Marc 1962

Quantum Monte Carlo Methods in Condensed Matter Physics 1993

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