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#### Illustrated History of the USSR 1982

articles originally written for the encyclopedia americana for the section on russia and the u s s r

### Russia. U.S.S.R.. 1933

study in historical perspective of developments in economic policy in the user covers economic structures and economic administration prior to and during the 1st world war the position during the 50 years of the communist regime political leadership of the country the collective economy industrialization political problems economic growth etc bibliography pp 389 to 391 and statistical tables

#### **USSR: a Concise History 1971**

politics work and daily life in the user is designed to illustrate how the soviet social system really works and how the soviet people cope with it this study is based on the first comprehensive survey of life in the user since the harvard project over thiry three years ago the essays contained analyze the variations in attitude and behaviour reflected in the findings of the soviet interview project a five year investigation of contemporary daily life in the user the survey involved interviewing thousands of recent emigrants from the user to the united states as a means of learning about their former day to day lives some aspects of this survey dealt with areas the soviets themselves had never investigated so the data were not and indeed still are not available even in unpublished soviet sources this study of a large volume of firsthand observations is extremely valuable to anyone interested in the inner workings and behavioural dynamics of the contemporary soviet social system

### USSR, a Concise Handbook 1947

a collection of papers presented at boston university by leading sovietologists evaluating the meaning of developments in the user and their impact since gorbachev became head of government the consensus is that the user is facing a systemic crisis affecting ideology leadership and economics

#### Geography of the USSR 1958

explores the cultural and ethnic aspects of the early soviet era focusing on the way the bolsheviks and other groups used language covers the divided speech communities of the late imperial and early soviet eras how linguists contributed to soviet cultural and national policies during the 1920s and 30s the successes and failures of the major language reform projects during the 1920s and the period between 1932 and 1953 when the party state imposed new standards of russification on the country as a whole the author concludes that while the opportunities and constraints of language reform may have given soviet leaders their most enduring insights into relations they learned that language was an essential tool of the dialectical process of history and also a troublesome and treacherous dimension of the human experience annotation copyrighted by book news inc portland or

#### The USSR, a Guide for Businessmen 1978

this title is a new edition of years of russia and the ussr which charts russian history from the reign of alexander ii through to the eventual fall of communism and the break up of the soviet union it examines the political social and economic impact of nicholas ii s reign the first world war and the subsequent revolution it then goes on to look at bolshevik and stalinist russia before going on to discuss khrushchev s policy of de stalinisation and the years of stagnation and reform

#### An Economic History of the U.S.S.R. 1969

as the cold war draws to a close new issues inevitably have begun to surface in u s soviet relations this reader brings together soviet and u s perspectives on the broad range of challenges that both nations now face within the context of a debate format that presents parallel u s and soviet views these timely readings illustrate areas of cooperation and conflict and weigh policy similarities and differences topics covered include soviet u s relations after the cold war military and national security debates and the changing international economic environment the selections also consider the impact that the evolving soviet u s interaction is having on the new europe and the developing world the volume concludes by considering the direction the superpower relationship may take in the future students of soviet and u s foreign policy will find this text invaluable in unraveling the complexities of u s soviet relations

#### Young Communists in the USSR 1950

the russian revolution and the subsequent establishment of the ussr as a workers state has dominated political thinking for more than three generations in the past it seemed enough for communists to define their radical separation with much of the left by denouncing the soviet union as state capitalist this is no longer sufficient if it ever was many trotskyists for example now feel vindicated by the restoration of capitalism in russia to transform society we not only have to understand what it is we also have to understand how past attempts to transform it failed in what was the ussr aufheben explores the inadequacies of the theory of the ussr as a degenerated workers state and the various versions of the theory that the ussr was a form of state capitalism aufheben is a uk based libertarian communist journal that has been active since 1992 what was the ussr was a series of articles published by them in issues 6 9 between 1997 and 2000 the radical reprint by pattern books is made to be as accessible and as close to manufacturing cost as possible

#### A History of the USSR from Lenin to Khrushchev 1964

first published in 2002 routledge is an imprint of taylor francis an informa company

#### Politics, Work, and Daily Life in the USSR 1987

russian history since 1855 has been marked by the rule of the tsarist autocracy and soviet communism this title examines both comparing their ideologies and their use of terror and repression to crush opposition to their rule

#### Gorbachev's USSR 1990-06-18

basing his work on research in police procuracy kgb and party archives vladimir a kozlov traces the historical context and sequences of events leading up to mass protest in russia he explores the demographic and psychological dynamics of the situation and the reactions of the authorities

#### The USSR, a Dictatorship Or a Democracy? 1981

sport played a vital role within the social and cultural life of the soviet union the soviet state sponsored countless programmes to promote sporting activities and even constructed a new term fizkultura to describe sports culture in sport in the ussr mike o mahony asserts that the popular image of fizkultura was as dependent on presentation as it was on actual practice images of vigorous soviet sportsmen and women were evoked in literature film and popular songs and adorned stamps and domestic objects as well as badges and medals some major artists even forged their entire careers from representations of sport sport in the ussr explores physical and visual culture from the early years of the soviet union to its collapse it is a fascinating addition to the current debates in the fields of sociology visual culture and soviet history book jacket

# Language and Power in the Creation of the USSR, 1917-1953 1998

monograph citizenship and civil rights ussr includes a russian language bibliography pp 281 to 283

#### History of the USSR 1981

across the revolutionary divide russia and the ussr 1861 1945 offers a broad interpretive account of russian history from the emancipation of the serfs to the end of world war ii provides a coherent overview of russia s development from 1861 through to 1945 reflects the latest scholarship by taking a thematic approach to russian history and bridging the revolutionary divide of 1917 covers political economic cultural and everyday life issues during a period of major changes in russian history addresses throughout the diversity of national groups cultures and religions in the russian empire and ussr shows how the radical policies adopted after 1917 both changed russia and perpetuated an economic and political rigidity that continues to influence modern society

### Management of the Industrial Firm in the USSR 1974

includes pictures includes a bibliography for further reading for 30 years much of the west looked on with disdain as the bolsheviks took power in russia and created and consolidated the soviet union as bad as vladimir lenin seemed in the early 20th century joseph stalin was so much worse that churchill later remarked of lenin their worst misfortune was his birth their next worst his death before world war ii stalin consolidated his position by frequently purging party leaders most famously leon trotsky and red army leaders executing hundreds of

thousands of people at the least and in one of history's greatest textbook examples of the idea that the enemy of my enemy is my friend stalin s soviet union allied with britain and the united states to defeat hitler in europe during world war ii stalin ruled with an iron fist for nearly 30 years before his death in 1953 which may or may not have been murder just as stalin was preparing to conduct another purge with his death soviet strongman and long time stalinist nikita khrushchev 1894 1971 who had managed to stay a step ahead of stalin s purges if only because he participated in them became the soviet premier personal histrionics aside khrushchev meant business when dealing with the west especially the united states and its young president john f kennedy after sensing weakness and a lack of fortitude in kennedy khrushchev made his most audacious and ultimately costly decision by attempting to place nuclear warheads at advanced offensive bases located in cuba right off the american mainland as it turned out the cuban missile crisis would show the kennedy administration s resolve force khrushchev to back down and ultimately sow the seeds of khrushchev s fall from power by the time he died in 1971 he had been declared a non citizen of the nation he had ruled for nearly 20 years leonid brezhnev became first secretary of the communist party in the soviet union in late 1964 after a plot to oust khrushchev little is remembered in the public imagination about brezhnev in comparison to mikhail gorbachev vladimir lenin or joseph stalin despite the fact brezhnev ruled the ussr from 1964 1982 longer than any soviet leader other than stalin in fact he held power during a tumultuous era that changed the world in remarkable ways and that era has been favorably remembered by many former soviet citizens it marked a period of relative calm and even prosperity after the destruction of world war ii and the tensions brought about by khrushchev foremost amongst brezhnev s achievements would be the détente period in the early 1970s when the soviets and americans came to a number of agreements that reduced cold war pressures and the alarming threat of nuclear war mikhail gorbachev was chosen as the new general secretary at the relatively youg age of 54 in march 1985 gorbachev hoped to build the soviet economy to relieve the persistent shortages of consumer goods it faced which were caused by enormous military spending of the soviet union gorbachev tried to introduce some economic reforms but they were blocked by communist hardliners gorbachev then came to the belief that the soviet economy could not improved without political reform as well in comparison with other soviet leaders gorbachev was leader of the ussr for a relatively short period but the changes that took place under his leadership were monumental including some that were intended and others that were unforeseen gorbachev oversaw the end of the cold war and the peaceful transition away from communism in central and eastern europe and he ended the war in afghanistan and many other proxy conflicts in the developing world gorbachev improved relations with the west and developed enough trust with president ronald reagan and president george h w bush to decommission thousands of nuclear weapons

# Years of Russia, the USSR and the Collapse of Soviet Communism 2008

part of a series designed to meet the requirements of the revised gcse syllabus this pupil s book examines the events that took place in russia between 1905 and 1956 it balances concise narrative with a range of source material and approaches topics by looking at important issues and posing key historical questions about the period biographies of the major personalities are provided as well as summary boxes to aid revision there is an accompanying teacher s resource book and the information in this text is also covered in a simplified

foundation edition pupil s book aimed at lower achievers

#### The U.S.S.R 1957

first published in 1998 this is volume iii of eight in the sociology of the soviet union series written in 1949 this is a collection of translated essays and documents about the family in the user and the changing attitudes prevailing in soviet russia towards specific aspects of social and political life

# The United States And The Ussr In A Changing World 2019-07-11

analyzes the soviet union s policies with respect to the united nation s economic and social activities

#### **What Was The USSR?** 2020-10-13

in the ussr and iraq the first major study of soviet iraqi relations oles m smolansky examines the history of the relationship between these two countries during the past twenty years and attempts to dispel the misconception that the soviet union has enjoyed undue influence over iraq drawing on ten years of research in western arab and soviet sources smolansky analyzes the complex issues at the center of soviet iraqi relations from 1968 through 1988 including the nationalization of the oil industry the kurdish question the iraqi communist party the affairs of the persian arabian gulf and ultimately the war between iraq and iran smolansky concludes that iraq has never been under the dominant influence of moscow nor has it even been a loyal soviet ally in fact iraq has managed to reap major benefits from the relationship without losing its autonomy or sacrificing its major interests the author discusses the soviet union and iraq within the larger framework of the nature of influence relationships between great and small powers

#### Guide to Science and Technology in the USSR 1971

this book surveys the experiences of non russian user citizens both during and following the collapse of the soviet union

#### Class Theory and History 2013-12-16

this book first published in 1990 examines the relationship between the soviet union and the western alliance at a time of great changes experts on a range of topics analyse the relationship from both the soviet perspective the impact of gorbachev and the role of eastern europe and from the standpoint of the nations of the west including france great britain and west germany also included is a discussion of the role of the northern flank in soviet nuclear free proposals the book concludes with an assessment of the challenges posed by the changing soviet perspective and the opportunities that these present for the western alliance

#### **Education in the USSR 1963**

soviet economic thought and political power in the ussr examines the evolution of economic theory in the soviet union from uniformity under josef stalin to diversity in the post stalin period the reasons for uniformity and diversity in soviet economics are analyzed along with the structure of this diversity the paradoxes in its development and the conditions under which it will continue the connection between leaders of soviet economics and the communist party rulers is also discussed emphasis is placed on one of the principal trends in soviet economics in the post stalin period mathematical economics this book is comprised of six chapters and begins with a discussion on the development of the economic mathematical trend in the ussr the social environment in the soviet union is examined in macro terms along with the role of various mutations among the economists and the institutionalization of such mutations especially in the framework of the existing research institutes and universities the book also considers the attitudes of various factions of economists such as reactionaries conservatives and modernizers toward the question of the limitation of the leaders power and toward some areas of economics such as problems of mathematical modeling and institutional economics and toward the marxist ideology the final chapter highlights the confusing struggle among the various trends in soviet economics and the ways in which this struggle is supported by the country's political leaders this monograph will be of interest to economists political scientists politicians and economic policymakers

Apologia for the USSR 2008

The USSR 1982

Russia and the USSR, 1855-1991 2006

Mass Uprisings in the USSR 2002

Sport in the USSR 2006-06-15

Constitutional Development in the USSR 1982

Towards an Understanding of the U.S.S.R. 1951

Citizenship of the USSR 1979

Across the Revolutionary Divide 2011-06-24

The Soviet Union 2019-07-20

Russia and the USSR 1905-1956 1996

The Family in the USSR 2013-10-15

The U S S R and the U N 's Economic and Social Activities 2012-04-01

Social Security and Medicine in the USSR 1977

The USSR and Iraq 1991

Red Nations 2013-09-12

The USSR and the Western Alliance 2022-06

Soviet Economic Thought and Political Power in the USSR 2016-01-26

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